Module 4. Technology

4A. Reading & Vocabulary

 Read a sample article from an on-line magazine "Robot: The latest in Hobby, Science and Consumer Robotics" (<u>http://www.botmag.com/index.shtml</u>) and say what you can do at Robotics summer camp.
<u>Robotics Summer Camps!</u> Great venues for robot fun and education

by **Professor Ken Berry**



There is a growing number of summer camps _____around the nation

(USA) that ______robotics______. These are educational

_____where young _____can learn the basics and get the chance to

_____robots ranging in complexity from entry level kits to more advanced

projects that ______early levels of "professional tool chains" used by programmers who have moved beyond BASIC.

Robotics summer camps help fill an essential educational ______that continues to exist in many of our schools.

2. Read the article once again and fill in the gaps with the words given below. <u>venues</u>

assemble

springing up

<u>embody</u>

<u>gap</u>

<u>teach</u>

on an entry level

hobbyists

3. Read the article again and say in a nutshell what it is about. Try to use new words.

4. Are there similar summer camps in Russia? Visit

<u>http://www.computercamp.ru/2010_zima_rak.html</u> and say what specials this camp offers to its visitors.

5. Work in pairs and discuss the following questions.

- ✓ What images spring to your mind when you hear the word "robot"?
- ✓ Will robots take over the world one day?
- ✓ The West sees robots as *menacing*, Japan sees them as helpful. How about you?
- ✓ Which movie robot is your favourite?
- ✓ What would you like your robot to do?
- ✓ Will robots ever be like humans?

6. Look at the jumbled words, make up questions using them. Then answer the questions to the text on p. 58, SB.

- ✓ does/ the/ how/ reflect/ title/ content/ the?
- ✓ is/it/to/why/difficult/a/robot/invent/thinking?
- ✓ is/ Honda's/ what/ experience?

7. Project work. Think of a robot of your dream:

- \checkmark what functions it will perform,
- \checkmark its appearance,
- \checkmark its character,
- ✓ its size, name, etc.

4B. Listening & Speaking

1. Match the words with their definitions.

1. The machine that lets you put	CHATTING
documents and such on paper.	
2. The tool you use to type words onto	SPELLCHECKER
the computer.	
3. The program that checks your	SCANNER
spelling.	
4. Talking to other users by typing or	MOUSEPAD
using headphones.	
5. The most popular internet search	SOFTWARE
engine.	
6. What you use to click things on the	VIRUS
screen.	
7. What is another word for computer	CURSOR
screen.	
8. Any physical part of a computer.	PRINTER
9. The object on your screen that lets	EMAIL
you point at things.	
10. Internet mail.	HARDWARE
11. A machine that lets you put paper	KEYBOARD
documents onto your computer.	
12. A program that destroys your	GOOGLE
computer system.	
13. Any program on the computer.	MONITOR
14. The object that your mouse sits on.	MOUSE

2. a. Pair dictation. Work in pairs: student A says the definition, Student B writes the word. Then change over.

b. Make up sentences with three of the words. Let your partner translate them into English.

3. Answer the questions to the dialogue on p. 60, SB.

- ✓ Who are the characters of the dialogue? Where are they?
- ✓ What is Adrian's problem?
- ✓ What solution does Paul offer?
- ✓ What will Adrian do after he follows Paul's advice?
- ✓ Have you ever had problems like that? How did you solve them?

4. Complete the statements.

- ✓ If you have a virus on your computer, ...
- ✓ If you cannot connect to the Internet, ...
- \checkmark If you've spilt something on the keyboard, ...
- ✓ If the screen has frozen, ...
- ✓ If you have deleted a file by mistake, ...

5. What Internet social services do you know? Have you aver used podcast/wiki/flickr? If not – let's do it now!

- ✓ <u>http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Robot</u> Read about Robots. What information did you not know?
- ✓ <u>http://www.flickr.com/search/?q=robot</u> What pictures do you like? Save some of them and explain your choice.
- ✓ Visit <u>http://podcast.com/</u> and search "robots". Choose any file that you like and listen to it, then share the information with your classmates.

4C. Grammar in Use

1. Explain the rules for using Future Simple and Future Continuous (Progressive) to your deskmate. Speak about adverbs of frequency and give examples of your own. Play the game TIC TAC TOE. Put a zero or a cross if you say two sentences with the same verb in Future Simple and Future Continuous correctly.

То	То	То
google	download	save

То	То	To tell
arrive	perform	
То	To take	То
visit	an exam	grill
		one's
		body
		in the
		sun

2. Choose the correct verb form to fill in the gap.

1. Where this time in three days?
a. will you have been
b. will you be being
c. will you be
2. What this time tomorrow?
a. will you have done
b. will you be doing
c. will you do
3. I don't think I my dinner in time for the party.
a. cook
b. have cooked
c. will have cooked
4. Don't call me in the evening because I at a live show of
Madonna.
a. will be
b. am being
c. will have been
5. Do you think he English in two years' time?
a. will study
b. will have studied
c. will be studying

3. Complete the dialogue. Act it out.

Kate: Just think, this time next week I (lie) on a tropical beach.
Leo: While you (relax) on the beach, I (stressed out) over my
project. How are you going to enjoy you	urself knowing that I (work)
so hard?	
Kate: I (manage) so	omehow.
Leo: You are terrible. Can't you take m	e with you?

Kate: No. But I (send) ______ you a postcard of a beautiful white sand beach.

Leo: Great! That (make) _____ me feel much better!

4. Complete the sentences using Future Perfect Simple or Future Perfect Continuous.

- 1. By 2018 we _____ (live) in Moscow for 12 years.
- 2. He _____ (write) a book by the end of the week.
- 3. He _____ (write) this book for two hours by 3 o'clock tomorrow.
- 4. _____ (finish, you) this project by the next week?
- 5. _____ (be, she) in Canada for 5 months this week.

5. Complete the sentences using the verbs in brackets in Future Perfect.

- 1. We (to do) the washing by 8 o'clock.
- 2. Sam (to leave) by next week.
- 3. She (to discuss) this with her father tonight.
- 4. The police (to arrest) the driver by this time tomorrow.
- 5. Sandra (to complete) the essay by next Monday.

4D. Vocabulary & Speaking

1. Divide into two groups and discuss computers in our lives. Group A speaks about advantages and group B speaks about disadvantages. Say what you think about computers and their impact on our lives, how they have changed our way of life, communication and many other aspects.

2. Visit <u>http://neutron.com.ua/internet/10-interesting-google-facts/</u> and find out 10 most amazing facts about Google. The text represents a blog message and is written in Russian. Your task is to render the facts into English and say which of the facts impress you the most.

3. Read the text "Living in a wired world" on p. 64, SB and answer the following questions.

- What do the following figures mean: 1970, 1990, 5, 80%?
- What is the second passage about?
- Do you agree with the idea of a 3D Internet?
- What have you learnt about the problems of access to the Internet?

Keys. Module 4. Technology

4A. Reading & Vocabulary

2. There is a growing number of summer camps <u>springing up</u> around the nation (USA) that <u>teach</u> robotics <u>on an entry level</u>. These are educational <u>venues</u> where young <u>hobbyists</u> can learn the basics and get the chance to <u>assemble</u> robots ranging in complexity from entry level kits to more advanced projects that <u>embody</u> early levels of "professional tool chains" used by programmers who have moved beyond BASIC.

Robotics summer camps help fill an essential educational <u>gap</u> that continues to exist in many of our schools.

4. This camp offers a wide range of activities, for example theatre for kids, discovery of new capabilities of computer, computer programming, chemistry, etc.6.

- ✓ How does the title reflect the content?
- ✓ Why is it difficult to invent a thinking robot?
- ✓ What is Honda's experience?

4B. Listening & Speaking

1.

- 1. PRINTER
- 2. KEYBOARD
- 3. SPELLCHECKER
- 4. CHATTING
- 5. GOOGLE
- 6. MOUSE
- 7. MONITOR
- 8. HARDWARE
- 9. CURSOR
- 10.EMAIL

11.SCANNER12.VIRUS13.SOFTWARE14.MOUSEPAD

3.

- ✓ They are friends, Adrian and Paul. They're at home.
- ✓ His computer keeps crashing.
- \checkmark He offers to do a full scan with anti-virus software.
- \checkmark If he still has a problem he will call Paul again.

4C. Grammar in Use

2.

1. Where this time in three days?
a. will you have been
b. will you be being
<u>c. will you be</u>
2. What? this time tomorrow?
a. will you have done
<u>b. will you be doing</u>
c. will you do
3. I don't think I my dinner in time for the party.
a. cook
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c. will have cooked
4. Don't call me in the evening because I at a live show of
Madonna.
<u>a. will be</u>
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c. will have been
5. Do you think he English in two years' time?

a. will study

b. will have studied

c. will be studying

3.

Kate: Just think, this time next week I <u>will be lying</u> on a tropical beach. Leo: While you <u>will be relaxing</u> on the beach, I <u>will be stressed out</u> over my project. How are you going to enjoy yourself knowing that I <u>will be working</u> so hard?

Kate: I'll manage somehow.

Leo: You are terrible. Can't you take me with you?

Kate: No. But I'll send you a postcard of a beautiful white sand beach.

Leo: Great! That'll make me feel much better!

4.

1. By 2018 we will have been living in Moscow for 12 years.

2. He <u>will have written</u> a book by the end of the week.

3. He will have been writing this book for two hours by 3 o'clock tomorrow.

4. Will you have finished this project by the next week?

5. <u>She will have been</u> in Canada for 5 months this week.

5.

1. We <u>will have done</u> the washing by 8 o'clock.

- 2. Sam will have left by next week.
- 3. She will have discussed this with her father tonight.
- 4. The police <u>will have arrested</u> the driver by this time tomorrow.
- 5. Sandra <u>will have completed</u> the essay by next Monday.

4D. Vocabulary & Speaking

3.

- 1970 the time when the Internet was only really used by academics and military researchers; 1990 – boom of its popularity; 5 – the number of years needed for the Internet to reach 50 mln users; 80% – number of websites which are in English.
- It's about the booming popularity of the Internet.